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(Incorporated in U.S.A.)

STATEMENT BY AGENTS

We, Trihadi Saptoadi and James Quek, the agents of World Vision International - Singapore Operations ("the Branch"), state that, in our opinion, the financial statements set out on pages 6 to 25 are drawn up so as to give a true and fair view of the assets used in and liabilities arising out of the Branch's operations in Singapore as at 30 September 2011, and the results, changes in head office account and cash flows of the Branch's operations in Singapore for the year then ended.

Cruck

Trihadi Saptoadi Local Agent James Quek Local Agent

Singapore, 15 March 2012

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT PURSUANT TO

SECTION 373 OF THE SINGAPORE COMPANIES ACT

WORLD VISION INTERNATIONAL

(Incorporated in U.S.A.)

SINGAPORE OPERATIONS

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements, set out on pages 6 to 25, of the Singapore Operations of World Vision International ("the Branch"), pursuant to section 373 of the Singapore Companies Act, Cap. 50 (the "Act"). These financial statements comprise the balance sheet (statement of financial position) as at 30 September 2011, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in head office account and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

The Branch is a segment of World Vision International and is not a separately incorporated legal entity. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared from the records of the Branch and reflect only transactions recorded therein.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Branch's management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the provisions of the Act and Singapore Financial Reporting Standards, and for devising and maintaining a system of internal accounting controls sufficient to provide a reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorised use or disposition; and transactions are properly authorised and that they are recorded as necessary to permit the preparation of true and fair profit and loss accounts and balance sheets and to maintain accountability of assets.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Singapore Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT PURSUANT TO

SECTION 373 OF THE SINGAPORE COMPANIES ACT

WORLD VISION INTERNATIONAL

(Incorporated in U.S.A.)

SINGAPORE OPERATIONS

Auditors' Responsibility (continued)

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal controls relevant to the Branch's preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Branch's internal controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements are properly drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Act and Singapore Financial Reporting Standards so as to give a true and fair view of the assets used in and liabilities arising out of the Branch's operations in Singapore as at 30 September 2011 and of the results, changes in head office account and cash flows of the Branch's operations in Singapore for the year ended on that date.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In our opinion, the accounting and other records examined by us relating to the Branch's operations in Singapore have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

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LO HOCK LING & CO. PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Singapore, 15 March 2012

(Incorporated in U.S.A.)

SINGAPORE OPERATIONS

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 30 September 2011

		2011	
	<u>Notes</u>	Support <u>Office</u>	<u>2010</u>
		\$	\$
Donations received	4	13,324,594	11,505,225
Other income	5	2,927	34,014
Donations remitted to World Vision International for:			
- International ministry		(9,262,666)	(8,936,817)
- Microfinance		(184,500)	(210,638)
Programs' expenditures	6	(121,250)	(92,565_)
		3,759,105	2,299,219
Administrative expenses	7	(2,491,595)	(
(Deficit)/surplus before tax		1,267,510	158,197
Income tax expense	8		
Net (deficit)/surplus for the year		1,267,510	158,197
Other comprehensive income:			
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	÷	-	-
Total comprehensive income		1,267,510	158,197

(Incorporated in U.S.A.)

SINGAPORE OPERATIONS

Statement of Financial Position as at 30 September 2011

		2011	
	<u>Notes</u>	Support <u>Office</u>	<u>2010</u>
ASSETS		\$	\$
Non-Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment	9	441,209	42,052
Total Non-Current Assets		441,209	42,052
Current Assets			
Receivables Fixed deposits with bank Cash and bank balances	10 11	32,466 11,134 <u>1,825,658</u>	114,462 11,128 762,713
Total Current Assets		1,869,258	888,303
Total Assets		2,310,467	930,355
FUNDS AND LIABILITIES			
<u>Funds</u>			
Head Office Account Christian Ministry Fund	12	1,996,310	714,098 21,602
Total Funds		1,996,310	735,700
Current Liabilities			
Other payables	13	314,157	194,655
Total Current Liabilities		314,157	194,655
Total Funds and Liabilities		2,310,467	930,355

(Incorporated in U.S.A.)

SINGAPORE OPERATIONS

Statement of Changes in Head Office Account for the year ended 30 September 2011

	Support Office
	\$
Balance as at 30 September 2009	555,901
Total comprehensive income for the year	158,197
Balance as at 30 September 2010	714,098
Total comprehensive income for the year	1,267,510
Transfer from Christian Ministry Fund (note 12)	14,702
Balance as at 30 September 2011	1,996,310

(Incorporated in U.S.A.)

SINGAPORE OPERATIONS

Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 30 September 2011

		2011	
	Notes	Support <u>Office</u>	<u>2010</u>
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		\$	\$
(Deficit)/surplus before tax		1,267,510	158,197
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment Exchange difference Interest income	9	64,214 300 (1,328)	38,297 3,035 (1,797)
Operating (deficit)/surplus before working capital changes		1,330,696	197,732
Decrease in inventories (Increase)/decrease in receivables Increase in payables		- 81,996 119,502	34,185 (48,372) 3,551
Cash (used in)/generated from operations		1,532,194	187,096
Interest received		1,328	1,797
Net cash (used in)/from operating activities		1,533,522	188,893
CASH FLOWS FROM <u>INVESTING ACTIVITIES</u>			
Decrease/(increase) in fixed deposits with maturity over 3 months Purchase of property, plant and equipment	11 9	- (463,371)	- (12,078)
Net cash used in investing activities		(463,371)	(12,078)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Christian Ministry Fund utilised		(6,900)	(33,976)
Net cash used in financing activities		(6,900)	(<u>33,976</u>)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		1,063,251	142,839
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(300)	(3,035)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		773,841	634,037
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	14	1,836,792	773,841

(Incorporated in U.S.A.)

SINGAPORE OPERATIONS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 30 September 2011

The following notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

1. <u>GENERAL INFORMATION</u>

The Branch is registered and domiciled in the Republic of Singapore. Its registered office and support office is located at 10 Tannery Lane #06-01/02 BBS Building, Singapore 347773.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Basis of Preparation

The Branch presents its financial statements in Singapore dollars, which is also its functional currency. These financial statements are prepared in accordance with the historical cost convention, except as disclosed in the accounting policies below, and comply with Singapore Financial Reporting Standards ("FRS"), including related Interpretations promulgated by the Accounting Standards Council, as required by the Companies Act.

During the financial year, the Branch adopted all the applicable new/revised FRS which are effective on or before 1 October 2010. The adoption of these new/revised FRSs did not have any material effect on the Branch's financial statements and did not result in substantial changes to the Branch's accounting policies.

(b) Significant Accounting Estimates and Judgments

Estimates, assumptions concerning the future and judgments are made in the preparation of the financial statements. They affect the application of the Branch's accounting policies, reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses, and disclosures made. They are assessed on an ongoing basis and are based on experience and relevant factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

(A) Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the balance sheet date that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment

The costs of property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. Management's estimates of the useful lives of these property, plant and equipment are disclosed in note 2(d). Changes in the expected usage and technological developments could impact the economic useful lives and the residual values of these assets. Therefore, future depreciation charges could be revised. The carrying amount of property, plant and equipment and the depreciation charge for the year are disclosed in note 9 to the financial statements.

(Incorporated in U.S.A.)

SINGAPORE OPERATIONS

2. <u>SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (continued)

(b) <u>Significant Accounting Estimates and Judgments</u> (continued)

(B) Critical judgments made in applying accounting policies

In the process of applying the company's accounting policies, there are no significant items in the financial statements which require the exercise of critical judgment on the part of the management.

(c) FRS and INT FRS not yet effective

The Branch has not applied any new FRS or INT FRS (Interpretations of Financial Reporting Standards) that has been issued as at the balance sheet date but is not yet effective. The local management does not anticipate the adoption of the new FRS and INT FRS in future financial periods to have any material impact on the Branch's financial statements in the period of initial application.

(d) Property, Plant and Equipment

All items of property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised as an asset if, and only if, it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Branch and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss, if any.

Any estimated costs of dismantling and removing the property, plant and equipment and reinstating the site to its original condition (reinstatement costs) are capitalised as part of the cost of the property, plant and equipment.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight line basis so as to write off the cost, less the residual value, of the assets over their estimated useful lives. The annual rates of depreciation are as follows:

Computer equipment	8.33% - 33.33%
Office equipment	20% - 33.33%
Furniture and fittings	10%

Fully depreciated assets are retained in the financial statements until they are no longer in use.

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods of property, plant and equipment are reviewed and adjusted as appropriate, at each financial year end.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the assets is recognised in profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognized.

(Incorporated in U.S.A.)

SINGAPORE OPERATIONS

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(e) Other Receivables

Other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less allowance for impairment. Receivables with a short duration are not discounted.

When there is objective evidence that the Branch will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables, an impairment loss is recognised. The amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the carrying value of the receivable and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the receivable is reduced directly or through the use of an allowance account. The amount of the loss is recognised in profit or loss.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss shall be reversed either directly or by adjusting an allowance account. The amount of the reversal shall be recognised in profit or loss.

(f) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, cash at bank and fixed deposits with maturity period of not more than 3 months and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Cash equivalents are stated at amounts at which they are convertible into cash.

(g) Other Payables

Other payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(h) Foreign Currency Transactions

Foreign currency transactions are recorded, on initial recognition, in the functional currency (Singapore dollars) by applying to the foreign currency amounts the rates of exchange prevailing on the transaction dates. Recorded monetary balances that are denominated in foreign currencies as at balance sheet date are translated at the rates ruling on that date. Profit or loss on foreign currency translation are included in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates as at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary assets and liabilities measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined.

(i) <u>Revenue Recognition</u>

Donations are recognised upon receipt.

Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis, using the effective interest method, unless collectability is in doubt.

(Incorporated in U.S.A.)

SINGAPORE OPERATIONS

2. <u>SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (continued)

(j) <u>Gifts-in-Kind ("GIK")</u>

Gifts-in-kind received through private donations are recorded in accordance with industry standards, referred to as the inter-agency GIK standards, as developed by an inter-agency taskforce appointed by the Association of Evangelical Relief and Development Organisations ("AERDO"). Gifts-in-kind are valued and recorded as revenue at their estimated fair values as provided by the donors or, in the absence of donors' valuations, estimated by the Branch at wholesale values considering their condition and utility at the time the goods are received from the donor. The recognition of gifts-in-kind revenue is limited to donations where the Branch takes possession or constructive title of the gift-in-kind and the Branch is the original recipient of the gift, is involved in partnership with the end-user agency, or uses the gift within World Vision Inc. or World Vision International programs.

Gifts-in-kind expense is recorded when the goods are distributed for program use. While it is the Branch's policy to distribute gifts-in-kind as promptly as possible, undistributed gifts-in-kind are recorded as inventory. The inventory is valued at wholesale values estimated by the Branch's management, which approximates the lower of cost and net realisable value.

(k) Employee Benefits

(i) Defined Contribution Plans

The Branch makes contributions to the state provident fund. Such contributions are recognised as compensation expenses in the same period as the employment that gave rise to the contributions.

(ii) Short-term Compensated Absences

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for employee entitlements to annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the balance sheet date.

(I) Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

The carrying amounts of the Branch's assets subject to impairment are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of the asset's net selling price and its value in use. The value in use is the present value of estimated future cash flows expected to arise from the continuing use of the asset and from its disposal at the end of its useful life.

An impairment loss on a non-revalued asset is recognised in profit or loss. An impairment loss on a revalued asset is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent that the impairment loss does not exceed the amount in the revaluation surplus for that same asset. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount or when there is an indication that the impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined if no impairment loss had been recognised.

(Incorporated in U.S.A.)

SINGAPORE OPERATIONS

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(m) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Branch has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made.

(n) Leases

Operating Leases

Leases whereby the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the leased item are classified as operating leases.

When the Branch is the lessor, assets leased out under operating leases are included in property, plant and equipment. Income arising from such operating lease is recognised on a straight line basis over the lease term.

When the Branch is the lessee, operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

3. PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the Branch are as follows:

(a) Support Office

The support office provides administrative support for World Vision projects, promotion and publicity of its work to the public in Singapore, maintaining its relationship with the Christian church and servicing supporters of its work around the world; (Incorporated in U.S.A.)

SINGAPORE OPERATIONS

4. DONATIONS RECEIVED

The breakdown of the donations received are as follows:

	2011	
	Support <u>Office</u>	2010
	\$	\$
Area Development Program		
income – gift catalogue	1,179,137	653,325
Child sponsorship	8,521,766	7,634,619
Community development	1,077,725	638,420
General childcare	418,994	441,074
Gifts-in-kind	8,585	178,296
Ministry - Christian commitment	100,000	-
One life fund	167,700	91,945
Relief and rehabilitation	1,602,908	1,633,267
Sponsorship to events	83,146	89,337
Vision fund	164,633	144,942
	13,324,594	11,505,225

5. OTHER INCOME

Included in other income are the following items:

	2011	
-	Support <u>Office</u>	<u>2010</u>
	\$	\$
Interest income Jobs credit Exchange gain	1,328 - 1,599	1,797 32,217
	2,927	34,014

(Incorporated in U.S.A.)

SINGAPORE OPERATIONS

6. PROGRAMS' EXPENDITURES

	2011	
-	Support <u>Office</u>	2010
	\$	\$
GIK expenses Local ministry programs'	-	100,278
expenditures Refund of local ministry	121,250	-
programs' expenditures disbursed in prior year	<u> </u>	(7,713_)
	121,250	92,565

7. <u>ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES</u>

Included in administrative expenses are the following items:

	2011	
	Support <u>Office</u>	<u>2010</u>
	\$	\$
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment Employee benefits expense:	64,214	38,297
 wages and salaries employer's contributions to 	1,341,578	1,145,547
central provident fund - staff benefits Exchange loss Operating lease expense	189,697 38,579 - 122,189	139,810 705 1,068 172,186

8. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

The Branch is exempted from income tax under Section 13(1) (zm) of the Income Tax Act, Cap. 134.

(Incorporated in U.S.A.)

SINGAPORE OPERATIONS

9. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

		Computer <u>equipment</u>	Office equipment	Furniture and fittings	Total
(a)	Support Office	\$	\$	\$	\$
	Cost				
	At 1 October 2009 Additions Disposal	159,026 5,000 (12,281_)	16,989 7,078 (<u>760</u>)	3,062 - -	179,077 12,078 (<u>13,041</u>)
	At 30 September 2010 and 1 October 2010 Additions Disposal	151,745 461,287 (18,916)	23,307 1,020 (199_)	3,062 1,064 	178,114 463,371 (19,115_)
	At 30 September 2011	594,116	24,128	4,126	622,370
	Accumulated depreciation				
	At 1 October 2009 Charge for the year Disposal	95,011 35,536 (<u>12,281</u>)	13,979 2,542 (<u>760</u>)	1,816 219 -	110,806 38,297 (13,041)
	At 30 September 2010 and 1 October 2010 Charge for the year Disposal	118,266 61,693 (<u>18,916</u>)	15,761 2,249 (199_)	2,035 272 -	136,062 64,214 (<u>19,115</u>)
	At 30 September 2011	161,043	17,811	2,307	181,161
	Carrying amount				
	At 30 September 2011	433,073	6,317	1,819	441,209
	At 30 September 2010	33,479	7,546	1,027	42,052

(Incorporated in U.S.A.)

SINGAPORE OPERATIONS

10. <u>RECEIVABLES</u>

	2011	
	Support <u>Office</u>	2010
	\$	\$
Deposits Prepayments Staff loans and advances Other receivables	600 14,531 9,585 7,750 32,466	89,739 11,970 7,368 5,385 114,462
Receivables classified as:		
- current assets	32,466	114,462
	32,466	114,462

Deposits, staff loans and advances and other receivables are unsecured, interest-free and expected to be repayable on demand.

Receivables are denominated in the following currencies:

	2011	
	Support <u>Office</u>	<u>2010</u>
	\$	\$
Singapore dollars	32,466	114,462

11. FIXED DEPOSITS WITH BANK

	2011	
	Support <u>Office</u>	2010
Fixed deposits with maturity terms	\$	\$
 within 3 months more than 3 months but less than 1 year 		11,128
- more than 1 year	11,134	11,128
	11,134	11,128

(Incorporated in U.S.A.)

SINGAPORE OPERATIONS

11. FIXED DEPOSITS WITH BANK (continued)

The fixed deposits bear interest at rates ranging from 0.60% to 1.25% (2010: 0.37% to 0.60%) per annum.

12. CHRISTIAN MINISTRY FUND

	Support Office	
	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
	\$	\$
Balance at beginning of the year Less: Expenses Transfer to Head Office Account	21,602 (6,900) ((14,702)	55,578 33,976) -
Balance at end of the year	<u> </u>	21,602

The Christian Ministry Fund was a designated donation given to support a candidate undergoing theological training in Singapore. Upon the candidate's completion of his theological training, with the donor's consent, the unutilised balance in the Fund amounting to \$14,702 was transferred to Head Office Account.

13. OTHER PAYABLES

	2011	
-	Support <u>Office</u>	2010
	\$	\$
Non-trade payables Accruals	5,753 <u>308,404</u>	3,419 191,236
	314,157	194,655

Other payables are unsecured, non-interest bearing and are normally settled within 90 days or on demand.

Other payables are denominated in the following currencies:

	2011	
	Support <u>Office</u>	<u>2010</u>
	\$	\$
Singapore dollars	314,157	194,655

(Incorporated in U.S.A.)

SINGAPORE OPERATIONS

14. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of cash flows comprise the following:

	2011	
	Support <u>Office</u>	<u>2010</u>
—	\$	\$
Fixed deposits with bank (note 11) Cash and bank balances	11,134 1,825,658	11,128 762,713
Less: Fixed deposit with maturity	1,836,792	773,841
over 3 months (note 11)	<u> </u>	
Cash and cash equivalents	1,836,792	773,841

Cash and bank balances and fixed deposits are denominated in the following currencies:

	2011	
	Support <u>Office</u>	2010
	\$	\$
Singapore dollars United States dollars Other currencies	1,687,518 149,250 24	755,330 18,003 508
	1,836,792	773,841

15. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

As at the balance sheet date, the Branch has the following commitments arising from noncancellable operating leases where the Branch is the lessee:

	2011	
	Support <u>Office</u>	2010
Operating lease payments due:	\$	\$
 within 1 year after 1 year but not later 	58,411	108,675
than 5 years		<u> </u>
	58,411	108,675

The above operating lease commitments are based on known rental rates as at the date of this report and do not include any revision in rates which may be determined by the lessor.

(Incorporated in U.S.A.)

SINGAPORE OPERATIONS

16. <u>RELATED PARTIES</u>

For the purpose of these financial statements, parties are considered to be related to the Branch if the Branch's management has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the party or exercise influence over the party in making financial and operating decisions, or vice versa, or where the Branch and the party are subject to common control or common significant influence. Related parties may be individuals or other entities.

Significant transactions with related parties, not otherwise disclosed in the financial statements, are as follows:-

	2011	
	Support <u>Office</u>	<u>2010</u>
	\$	\$
With a business unit of World Vis	ion International	
IT services	76,029	45,266

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel compensation for the year are as follows:-

	2011	
	Support <u>Office</u>	<u>2010</u>
Short torm omployed	\$	\$
Short-term employee benefits	149,417	126,000

The annual remuneration of the three highest paid staff employed by Support Office, classified in bands of \$100,000, are as follows:

	2011	
	Support <u>Office</u>	2010
Number of staff with annual	\$	\$
remuneration		
 exceeding \$200,000 but not more than \$300,000 	-	-
 exceeding \$100,000 but not more than \$200,000 	1	1
- less than \$100,000	2	2

(Incorporated in U.S.A.)

SINGAPORE OPERATIONS

17. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Branch is exposed to financial risks arising from its operations and the use of financial instruments. The key financial risks are credit risk, liquidity risk, foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk. The local management reviews and agrees on policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below:

(i) <u>Credit risk</u>

Credit risk is the potential risk of financial loss resulting from the failure of debtors or other counterparties to settle their financial and contractual obligations to the Branch as and when they fall due.

The Branch's exposure to credit risk arises primarily from other receivables. For other financial assets (including cash and cash equivalents), the Branch minimises credit risk by dealing with high credit rating counterparties.

The management has credit policies in place to minimise exposure to credit risk.

At the balance sheet date, there was no significant concentration of credit risk. The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset in the balance sheet.

There are no financial assets that are past due or impaired as at the balance sheet date.

(ii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Branch will encounter difficulty in meeting financial obligations due to shortage of funds.

The Branch monitors its liquidity risk and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate to finance the Branch's operations and to mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows.

All financial liabilities of the Branch are repayable on demand or mature within one year, as disclosed in note 13 to the financial statements.

(iii) Foreign exchange risk

The Branch is primarily exposed to fluctuations in United States Dollars (USD) exchange rates arising from cash flows from anticipated transactions. The Branch reviews periodically monetary assets and liabilities held in currencies other than its functional currency to ensure that net exposure is kept at an acceptable level.

The significant foreign currency amounts held by the Branch are as follows:

	2011	
	Support <u>Office</u>	2010
Held in USD	\$	\$
Cash and cash equivalents	149,250	18,003

(Incorporated in U.S.A.)

SINGAPORE OPERATIONS

17. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(iii) Foreign exchange risk (continued)

Sensitivity analysis

A 10% strengthening of the Singapore Dollar against the following currency at the balance sheet date would increase/(decrease) the net surplus and head office account balance by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular, interest rates, remain constant.

	2011	
	Support <u>Office</u>	2010
	\$	\$
United States Dollars	(13,568_)	(1,637)

A 10% weakening of the Singapore Dollar against the above currency would have had the equal but opposite effects on the above currency to the amounts shown above, on the basis that all other variables remain constant.

(iv) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the Branch's financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Branch does not have any interest-bearing financial liabilities. Its only exposure to changes in interest rates relates to interest-earning bank deposits. The Branch monitors movements in interest rates to ensure deposits are placed with financial institutions offering optimal rates of return.

The interest rates and terms of maturity of financial assets of the Branch are disclosed in note 11 to the financial statements.

18. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The carrying amounts of cash and bank balances, receivables and payables approximate their fair values due to their short term nature.

19. AUTHORISATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements of the Branch for the year ended 30 September 2011 were authorised for issue by the Local Agents on 15 March 2012.

(Incorporated in U.S.A.)

SINGAPORE OPERATIONS

Schedule of Administrative Expenses for the year ended 30 September 2011

	2011	
	<u>Support</u> <u>Office</u>	2010
	\$	\$
Audit fee - current year Bank charges Central provident fund contributions Consultancy Depreciation on property, plant and equipment Education/training Exchange loss Hospitality and refreshments IT services Legal and professional fees Mail handling cost Medical expenses and insurance Postages Printing Provision for unutilised leave Publicity/advertising Rental expenses Salaries Software and accessories Stationery Telephone and telex Temporary help Transport	\$ 9,546 89,348 189,697 5,000 64,214 13,038 - 7,414 136,353 5,316 12,172 16,592 64,192 71,125 32,335 161,692 128,915 1,341,578 3,301 6,244 3,288 4,115 25,848 9,507	\$ 10,356 65,931 139,810 5,674 38,297 16,233 1,068 6,906 74,788 2,062 7,903 15,253 56,916 91,411 - 186,993 172,186 1,145,547 - 705 2,575 5,247 3,224 6,034
Travelling expenses Upkeep of office Upkeep of office equipment Utilities	59,450 4,923 8,778 17,614	57,617 3,675 8,268 16,343
	2,491,595	2,141,022